

Spec. No.	ICR18650-26C	Version No.	1.0
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SPECIFICATION OF PRODUCT

for Lithium-ion Rechargeable Cell

Model : ICR18650-26C

Distributed by

<http://www.batteryspace.com>

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1. Scope

This product specification has been prepared to specify the rechargeable lithium-ion cell ('cell') to be supplied to customer

2. Description and Model

2.1 Description Cell (lithium-ion rechargeable cell)

2.2 Model ICR18650-26C

3. Nominal Specifications

Item	Specification
3.1 Nominal Capacity	2600mAh (0.2C, 2.75V discharge)
3.2 Minimum Capacity	2550mAh (0.2C, 2.75V discharge)
3.3 Charging Voltage	4.2 ± 0.05 V
3.4 Nominal Voltage	3.7V
3.5 Charging Method	CC-CV (constant voltage with limited current)
3.6 Charging Current	Standard charge : 1300mA Rapid charge : 2600mA
3.7 Charging Time	Standard charge : 3hours Rapid charge : 2.5hours
3.8 Max. Charge Current	2600mA(ambient temperature 25℃)
3.9 Max. Discharge Current	5200mA(ambient temperature 25℃)
3.10 Discharge Cut-off Voltage	2.75V
3.11 Cell Weight	47.0g max
3.12 Cell Dimension	Height : 65.00mm max Diameter : 18.40mm max
3.13 Operating Temperature	Charge : 0 to 45℃ Discharge : -10 to 60℃
3.14 Storage Temperature	1 year : -20~25℃(1*) 3 months : -20~45℃(1*) 1 month : -20~60℃(1*)

Note (1): If the cell is kept as ex-factory status (50% of charge),
the capacity recovery rate is more than 80%.

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4. Outline Dimensions

See the attachment (Fig. 1)

5. Appearance

There shall be no such defects as scratch, rust, discoloration, leakage which may adversely affect commercial value of the cell.

6. Standard Test Conditions

6.1 Environmental Conditions

Unless otherwise specified, all tests stated in this specification are conducted at temperature $25\pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $65\pm 20\%$.

6.2 Measuring Equipment

(1) Ammeter and Voltmeter

The ammeter and voltmeter should have an accuracy of the grade 0.5 or higher.

(2) Slide caliper

The slide caliper should have 0.01 mm scale.

(3) Impedance meter

The impedance meter with AC 1kHz should be used.

7. Characteristics

7.1 Standard Charge

This "Standard Charge" means charging the cell with charge current 1300mA and constant voltage 4.2V at 25°C for 3hours.

7.2 Standard Discharge Capacity

The standard discharge capacity is the initial discharge capacity of the cell, which is measured with discharge current of 520mA with 2.75V cut-off at 25°C within 1hour after the standard charge.

$$\text{Standard Discharge Capacity} \geq 2550\text{mAh}$$

7.3 Initial internal impedance

Initial internal impedance measured at AC 1kHz after rated charge.

$$\text{Initial internal impedance} \leq 100\text{m}\Omega$$

7.4 Temperature Dependence of Discharge Capacity

Capacity comparison at each temperature, measured with discharge constant current 520mA and 2.75V cut-off after the standard charge is as follows.

Charge Temperature	Discharge temperature			
	-10 $^{\circ}\text{C}$	0 $^{\circ}\text{C}$	25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$	40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
Relative Capacity	50%	80%	100%	80%

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Note: If charge temperature and discharge temperature is not the same, the interval for temperature change is 3 hours.
Percentage as an index of the capacity at 25 °C (=2550mAh) is 100%.

7.5 Temperature Dependence of Charge Capacity

Capacity comparison at each temperature, measured with discharge constant current 520mA and 2.75V cut-off after the standard charge is as follows.

	Charge temperature			Discharge temperature 25 °C
	0 °C	25 °C	45 °C	
Relative Capacity	80%	100%	80%	

Note: If charge temperature and discharge temperature is not the same, the interval for temperature change is 3 hours.
Percentage as an index of the capacity at 25 °C (=2550mAh) is 100%.

7.6 Charge Rate Capabilities

Discharge capacity is measured with constant current 520mA and 2.75V cut-off after the cell is charged with 4.2V as follows.

	Charge Condition			
	0.2C (520mA)	0.5C (1300mA)	1.0C (2600mA)	2.0C (5200mA)
Cut-off	7h or 100mA	3h or 100mA	2.5h or 100mA	2.5h or 100mA
Relative Capacity	100%	95%	90%	80%

Note: Percentage as an index of the capacity at 25 °C (=2550mAh) is 100%.

7.7 Discharge Rate Capabilities

Discharge capacity is measured with the various currents in under table and 2.75V cut-off after the standard charge.

	Discharge Condition			
	0.2C (520mA)	0.5C (1300mA)	1.0C (2600mA)	2.0C (5200mA)
Relative Capacity	100%	95%	90%	80%

Note: Percentage as an index of the capacity at 25 °C (=2550mAh) is 100%.

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7.8 Cycle Life

Each cycle is an interval between the charge (charge current 1300mA) with 2.5h or 100mA cut-off and the discharge (discharge current 1300mA) with 2.75V cut-off. Capacity after 299cycles and plus 1 day, measured under the same condition in 7.2

Capacity \geq 1785mAh(70% of the capacity at 25 °C)

7.9 Storage Characteristics

Capacity after storage for 30days at 25 °C from the standard charge, measured with discharge current 1300mA with 2.75V cut-off at 25 °C.

Capacity retention(after the storage) \geq 2040mAh (80% of the capacity at 25 °C)

7.10 Status of the cell as of ex-factory

The cell should be shipped in 50% charged state. In this case, OCV is from 3.65V to 3.85V.

8. Mechanical Characteristics

8.1 Drop Test

Test method: Cell(as of shipment or full charged) drop onto the oak-board (thickness: \geq 30mm) from 1.5m height at a random direction 6 times.
Criteria: No leakage

8.2 Vibration Test

Test method: Cell(as of shipment) is vibrated along 2 mutually perpendicular axes with total excursion of 1.6mm and with frequency cycling between 10Hz and 55Hz by 1Hz/min.
Criteria: No leakage

9. Safety

9.1 Overcharge Test

Test method: To charge the standard charged cell with 12V and 2.6A at 25 °C for 2.5 hours.
Criteria: No fire, and no explosion.

9.2 External Short-circuit Test

Test method: To short-circuit the standard charged cell by connecting positive and negative terminal by less than 50m Ω wire for 3hours.
Criteria: No fire, and no explosion.

9.3 Reverse Charge Test

Test method: To charge the standard charged cell with charge current 2.6A By -12V for 2.5 hours.
Criteria: No fire, and no explosion.

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9.4 Heating Test

Test method: To heat up the standard charged cell at heating rate 5 °C per minute up to 130 °C and keep the cell in oven for 60 minutes.

Criteria: No fire, and no explosion.

10. Warranty

Will be responsible for replacing the cell against defects or poor workmanship for 3months from the date of shipping. Any other problem caused by malfunction of the equipment or mix-use of the cell is not under this warranty.

The warranty set forth in proper using and handling conditions described above and excludes in the case of a defect which is not related to manufacturing of the cell.

11. Others

11.1 Storage for a long time

If the cell is kept for a long time(3months or more), It is strongly recommended that the cell is preserved at dry and low-temperature.

11.2 Other

Any matters that specifications does not have, should be conferred with between the both parties.

11.3 PTC Specification

	PTC Specification (in the Cell)			
Item	Hold Current	Resistance	Power Dissipation	Resistance After Trip
Spec.	2.7A	9~18mΩ	Max. 2.5W	Max. 33mΩ

12. Packing

See Fig.2,
Package Drawing

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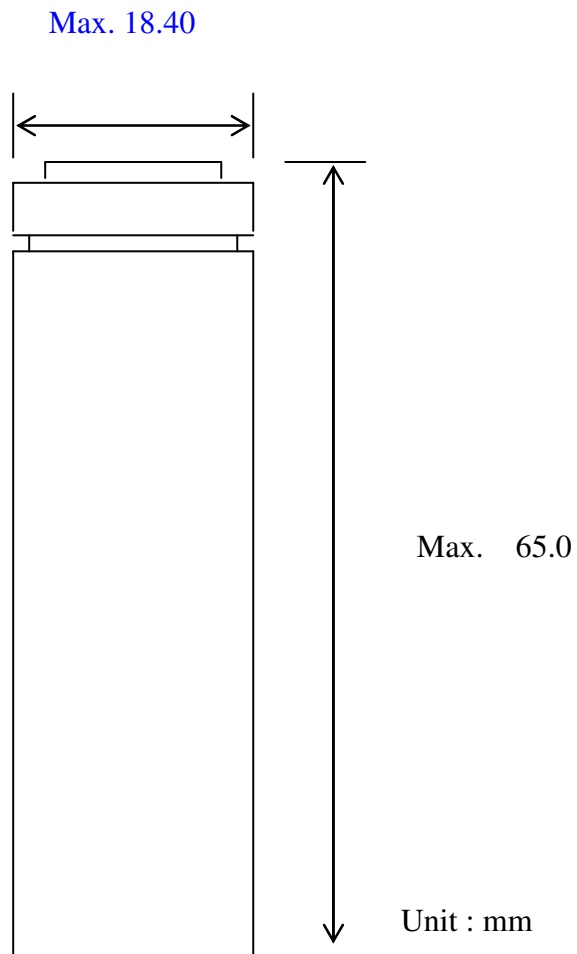


Fig.1. Outline Dimensions of ICR18650-26C

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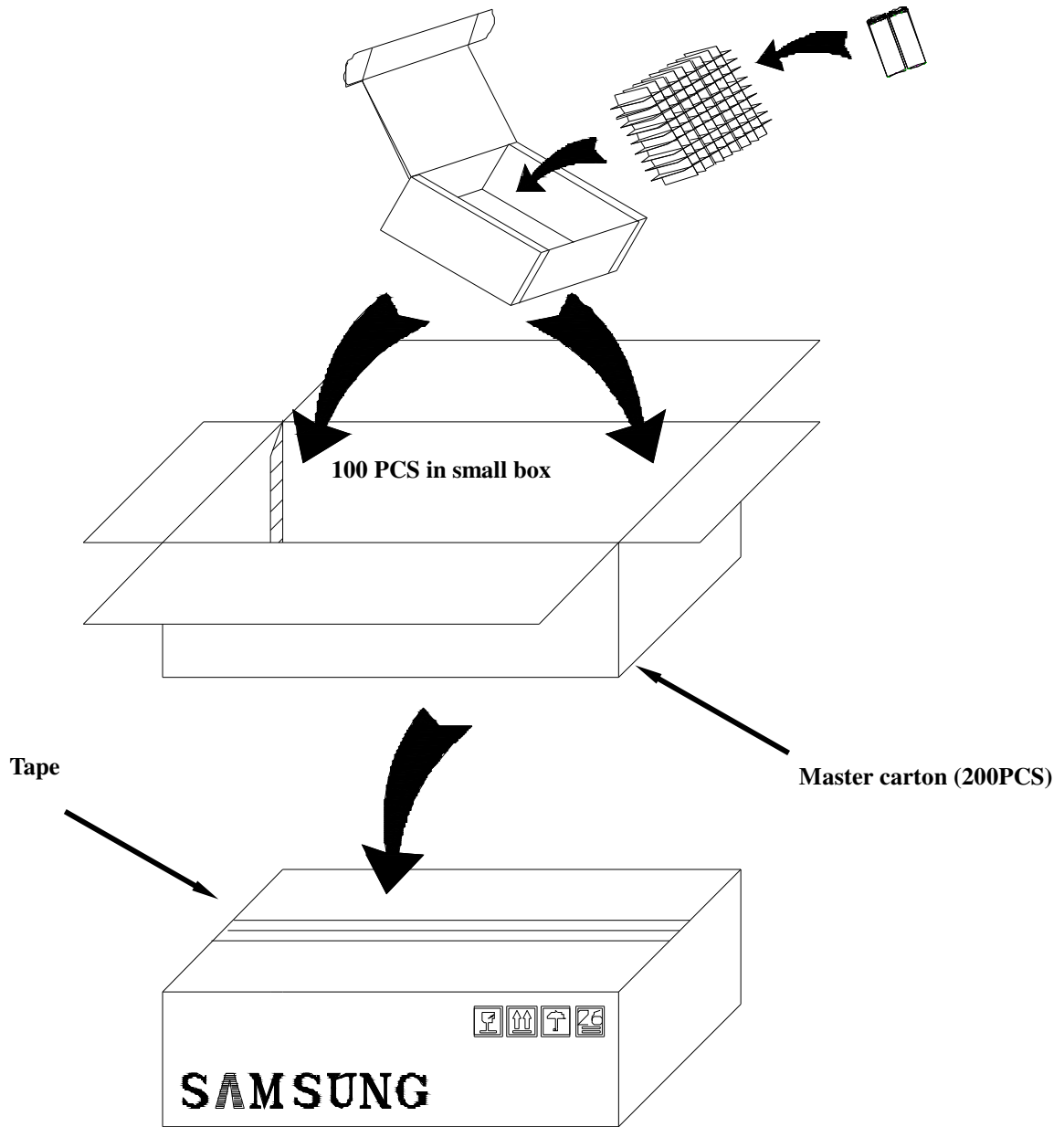


Fig.2. Package Drawing

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Pack Quality Requirement for safety and quality epidemic issue.

1-1 The battery pack's consumption current.

- Sleep Mode : Under 250uA.
- Shut Down Mode : Under 10uA / Under 3.0V.
Under 1uA / Under 2.5V.

1-2 SOC 0%

- Cell voltage in SOC 0% of Pack should be Min. 3.0V.
(Discharging Cut-off Voltage)

1-3 Operating Charging Voltage of a cell.

- Normal operating voltage of a cell is 4.20V
- Max operating voltage of a cell is 4.25V.

1-4. No continuous charge

- Charge cut-off condition : Cut-off Current over than 1/20C
(Charging method:CC-CV)
- Initial recharging condition : Remaining Capacity under than 90% or voltage under than 4.10V

1-5. Pre-charging function

- Pre-charge function should be implemented to prevent abnormal high rate charging after deep discharge.
- Pre-charging condition Operation : Under 3.0V
Charging current : Under 150mA/Cell.(Continuous)
Pre-charge stop (Normal Charge Start) : All cells reach 3.0V

1-6. Cell voltage monitoring system.

- The system (Charger or Pack) should equip a device to monitor each Cell voltage and to stop charging if a cell imbalance happened.

1-7 The battery pack should have warning system for over temperature, over voltage, over current, and unexpected events would be harm to system. If battery faces harsh condition such as over temperature, Battery pack should control FET-off directly.

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1-8 Mechanical guides.

- PCBA and Cell stack should have heat insulation material between them.(Such as plastic barrier which is giving air isolation or non-thermal conductive material.)
- B+ and B- wire connection should not be crossed each other. Do not make wire which had the voltage difference more than 4.0V get together.
- The material such as double sided tape and rubber which are used in battery pack should be verified for its flammability

**If Pack cannot meet above requirement,
we cannot take responsibility for quality issue.**

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Proper Use and Handling of Lithium Ion Cells

See before using lithium-ion cell

Supplied by

AA Portable Power Corp

1. General

This document has been prepared to describe the appropriate cautions and prohibitions, which the customer should take or employ when the customer uses and handles the lithium ion cell to be supplied by <http://www.batteryspace.com> in order to obtain optimum performance and safety.

2. Charging

2.1 Charging current

Charging current should be less than maximum charge current specified in the product specification.

2.2 Charging voltage

Charging should be done by voltage less than that specified in the product specification.

2.3 Charging time

Continuous charging under appropriate voltage does not cause any loss of characteristics. However, the charge timer is recommended to be installed from a safety consideration, which shuts off further charging at time specified in the product specification.

2.4 Charging temperature

The cell should be charged within a range of specified temperatures in the product specification.

2.5 Reverse charging

The cell should be connected, confirming that its poles are correctly aligned. Inverse charging should be strictly prohibited. If the cell is connected improperly, it may be damaged.

3. Discharging

3.1 Discharging

3.1.1 The cell should be discharged at less than maximum discharge current specified in the product specification.

3.2 Discharging temperature

3.2.1 The cell should be discharged within a range of temperatures specified in

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the product specification.

3.2.2 Otherwise, it may cause loss of characteristics.

3.3 Over-discharging

3.3.1 The system should equip with a device to prevent further discharging exceeding discharging cut-off voltage specified in the product specification.(over-discharging)

3.3.2 Over-discharging may cause loss of performance, characteristics, of battery function.

3.3.3 Over-discharging may occur by self-discharge if the battery is left for a very long time without any use.

3.3.4 The charger should equip with a device to detect cell voltage and to determine recharging procedures.

4. Storage

4.1 Storage conditions

4.1.1 The cell should be stored within a range of temperatures specified in the product specification.

4.1.2 Otherwise, it may cause loss of characteristics, leakage and/or rust.

4.2 Long-term storage

4.2.1 The cell should be used within a short period after charging because long-term storage may cause loss of capacity by self-discharging.

4.2.2. If long-term storage is necessary, the cell should be stored at lower voltage within a range specified in the product specification, because storage at higher voltage may cause loss of characteristics.

5. Cycle life

5.1 Cycle life performance

5.1.1 The cell can be charged/discharged repeatedly up to times specified in the produce specification with a certain level of capacity also specified in the product specification.

5.1.2 Cycle life may be determined by conditions of charging, discharging, operating temperature and/or storage.

6. Design of System

6.1 Connection between the cell and the battery

6.1.1 The cell should not be soldered directly with leads. Namely, the cell should be welded with leads on its terminal and then be soldered with wire or leads to soldered lead.

6.1.2 Otherwise, it may cause damage of component, such as separator and insulator, by heat generation.

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6.2 Positioning the battery in the System

- 6.2.1 The battery should be positioned as possible as far from heat sources and high temperature components.
- 6.2.2 Otherwise, it may cause loss of characteristics.

6.3 Mechanical shock protection of the battery

- 6.3.1 The battery should equip with appropriate shock absorbers in order to minimize shock.
- 6.3.2 Otherwise, it may cause shape distortion, leakage, heat generation and/or rupture.

6.4 Short-circuit protection of the cell

- 6.4.1 The cell equips with an insulating sleeve to protect short-circuit which may occur during transportation, battery assembly and /or system operation.
- 6.4.2 If the cell sleeve is damaged by some cause such as outside impact, it may cause short-circuit with some wiring inside the battery.

6.5 Connection between the battery and charger/system

- 6.5.1 The battery should be designed to be connected only to the specified charger and system.
- 6.5.2 A reverse connection of the battery, even in the specified system, should be avoided by employing special battery design such as a special terminals.

7. Battery Pack Assembly

7.1 Prohibition of usage of damaged cell

- 7.1.1 The cell should be inspected visually before battery assembly.
- 7.1.2 The cell should not be used if sleeve-damage, can-distorsion and/or electrolyte-smell is detected.

7.2 Terminals handling

- 7.2.1 Excessive force on the negative terminal should be avoided when external lead is welded.

7.3 Transportation

- 7.3.1 If the cell is necessary to transported to order place, such as the battery manufacturer, careful precautions should be taken to avoid damage of cell.

8. Others

8.1 Disassembly

- 8.1.1 The cell should not be dismantled from the battery pack.
- 8.1.2 Internal short-circuit caused by disassembly may lead to heat generation and/or venting.

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8.1.3 When the electrolyte is coming in contact with the skin or eyes, flush immediately with fresh water and seek medical advice.

8.2 Short-circuiting

8.2.1 Short-circuit results in very high current which leads to heat generation.

8.2.3 An appropriate circuitry should be employed to protect accidental short-circuiting.

8.3 Incineration

8.3.1 Incinerating and disposing of the cell in fire are strictly prohibited, because it may cause rupture.

8.4 Immersion

8.4.1 Soaking the cell in water is strictly prohibited, because it may cause melt of components to damaged to functions.

8.5 Mixing use

8.5.1 Different types of cell, or same types but different manufacturer's cell may lead to cell rupture or damage to system due to the different characteristics of cell.

8.6 Battery exchange

8.6.1 Although the cell contains no environmentally hazardous component, such as lead or cadmium. the battery should be disposed according to the local regulations when it is disposed.

8.6.2 The cell should be disposed with a discharged state to avoid heat generation by an inadvertent short-circuit.

8.7 Caution - The Battery used in this device may present a risk of fire or chemical burn if mistreated. Do not disassemble, heat above 100 °C or incinerate. Replace battery with Samsung SDI battery only. Use of another battery may present a risk of fire or explosion. Dispose of used battery promptly. Keep away from children. Do not disassemble and do not dispose of in fire.

8.8 Warning – Attached

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Handling Precaution and Prohibitions of Lithium Ion & Lithium Ion Polymer Rechargeable Cells and Batteries

Inaccurate handling of lithium ion and lithium ion polymer rechargeable battery may cause leakage, heat, smoke, an explosion, or fire.

This could cause deterioration of performance or failure. Please be sure to follow instructions carefully.

1.1 Storage

Store the battery at low temperature (below 20°C is recommended), low humidity, no dust and no corrosive gas atmosphere.

1.2 Safety precaution and prohibitions

To assure product safety, describe the following precautions in the instruction manual of the application.

[Danger!]

■ Electrical misuseage

Use dedicated charger.

Use or charge the battery only in the dedicated application.

Don't charge the battery by an electric outlet directly or a cigarette lighter charger.

Don't charge the battery reversely.

■ Environmental misuseage

Don't leave the battery near the fire or a heated source.

Don't throw the battery into the fire.

Don't leave, charge or use the battery in a car or similar place where inside of temperature may be over 60°C.

Don't immerse, throw, wet the battery in water / seawater.

■ others

Don't fold the battery cased with laminated film such as pouch and Polymer.

Don't store the battery in a pocket or a bag together with metallic objects such as keys, necklaces, hairpins, coins, or screws.

Don't short circuit (+) and (-) terminals with metallic object intentionally.

Don't pierce the battery with a sharp object such as a needle, screw drivers.

Don't heat partial area of the battery with heated objects such as soldering iron.

Don't hit with heavy objects such as a hammer, weight.

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- Don't step on the battery and throw or drop the battery on the hard floor to avoid mechanical shock.
- Don't disassemble the battery or modify the battery design including electric circuit.
- Don't solder on the battery directly.
- Don't use seriously scared or deformed battery.
- Don't put the battery into a microwave oven, dryer ,or high-pressure container.
- Don't use or assemble the battery with other makers' batteries, different types and/or models of batteries such as dry batteries, nickel-metal hydride batteries, or nickel-cadmium batteries.
- Don't use or assemble old and new batteries together.

[Warning!]

- Stop charging the battery if charging isn't completed within the specified time.
- Stop using the battery if the battery becomes abnormally hot, order, discoloration, deformation, or abnormal conditions is detected during use, charge, or storage.
- Keep away from fire immediately when leakage or foul odors are detected. If liquid leaks onto your skin or cloths, wash well with fresh water immediately.
- If liquid leaking from the battery gets into your eyes, don't rub your eyes and wash them with clean water and go to see a doctor immediately.
- If the terminals of the battery become dirty, wipe with a dry cloth before using the battery.
- The battery can be used within the following temperature ranges. Don't exceed these ranges.
 - Charge temperature ranges : 0℃ ~ 45℃
 - Discharge Temperature ranges : -20℃ ~ 60℃
- Store the battery at temperature below 60℃
- Cover terminals with proper insulating tape before disposal.

[Caution!]

■ **Electrical misuse**

- Battery must be charge with constant current-constant voltage (CC/CV).
- Charge current must be controlled by specified value in Cell specification.
- Cut-off Voltage of charging must be 4.2V.
- Charger must stop charging battery by detecting either charging time or current specified in Cell's specification.
- Discharge current must be controlled by specified value in Cell's specification.
- Cut-off Voltage of discharging must be over 2.5V.

■ **others**

- Keep the battery away from babies and children to avoid any accidents such as swallow.

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If younger children use the battery, their guardians should explain the proper handling method and precaution before using.

Before using the battery, be sure to read the user's manual and precaution of it's handling.

Before using charger, be sure to read the user's manual of the charger.

Before installing and removing the battery from application, be sure to read user's manual of the application.

Replace the battery when using time of battery becomes much shorter than usual.

Cover terminals with insulating tape before proper disposal.

If the battery is needed to be stored for an long period, battery should be removed from the application and stored in a place where humidity and temperature are low.

While the battery is charged, used and stored, keep it away from object materials with static electric chargers.

Safety Handling Procedure for the Transporter

- **Quarantine** : Packages that are crushed, punctured or torn open to reveal contents should not be transported. Such packages should be isolated until the shipper has been consulted, provided instructions and, if appropriate, arranged to have the product inspected and repacked.
- **Spilled Product** : In the event that damage to packaging results in the release of cells or batteries, the spilled products should be promptly collected and segregated and the shipper should be contacted for instructions.

Design of positioning the battery pack in application and charger

To prevent the deterioration of the battery performance caused by heat, battery shall be positioned away from the area where heat is generated in the application and the charger.

Design of the Battery Pack

Be sure adopting proper safe device such as PTC specified type or model in Cell Specification. If you intend to adopt different safety device which is not specified in Cell Specification, please contact Samsung SDI to investigate any potential safety problem.

Be sure designing 2nd protective devices such as PTC & PCM at the same time to protect Cell just in case one protective device is fault.

Please contact following offices when you need any help including safety concerns.

Samsung SDI Emergency Contact Information